

Revision Date: 07 Mar 2017

Page 1 of 14

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# SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE

**COMPANY / UNDERTAKING** 

As of the revision date above, this SDS meets the regulations in the United Kingdom & Ireland.

1.1. PRODUCT IDENTIFIER

Product Name: MOBILCUT 260

Product Description: Base Oil and Additives

**Product Code:** 2015703010N5, 662304-60

1.2. RELEVANT IDENTIFIED USES OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND USES ADVISED AGAINST

Intended Use: Water-miscible cutting fluid

Uses advised against: This product is not recommended for any industrial, professional or consumer use

other than the Identified Uses above.

1.3. DETAILS OF THE SUPPLIER OF THE SAFETY DATA SHEET

Supplier: ExxonMobil Petroleum & Chemical BVBA

POLDERDIJKWEG B-2030 Antwerpen

Belgium

Product Technical Information: (UK) 0800 028 2851 / (IE) 1800 882 024

MSDS Internet Address: www.msds.exxonmobil.com

E-Mail: sds.uk@exxonmobil.com

Supplier / Registrant: (BE) +32 3 543 3111

1.4. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER

24 Hour Environmental / Health Emergency Telephone: (UK) (+44) 870 8200418 / (IE) (+353) 19014670

(CHEMTREC)

National Poison Control Centre: (UK) 111 / (IÉ) 01 8092566 or 01 8379964

SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE



Revision Date: 07 Mar 2017

Page 2 of 14

## Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Skin irritation: Category 2. Eye irritation: Category 2.

Chronic aquatic toxicant: Category 3.

H315: Causes skin irritation. H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 2.2. LABEL ELEMENTS

## Label elements according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Pictograms:



Signal Word: Warning

#### **Hazard Statements:**

H315: Causes skin irritation. H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### **Precautionary Statements:**

P261: Avoid breathing mist / vapours. P264: Wash skin thoroughly after handling. P272: Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P273: Avoid release to the environment. P280: Wear protective gloves and eye / face protection.

P302 + P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P305 + P351 + P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P333 + P313: If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P337 + P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P362 + P364: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P501: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local regulations.

**Contains:** 2-N-BUTYL-BENZO[D]ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE May produce an allergic reaction.

#### 2.3. OTHER HAZARDS

#### Physical / Chemical Hazards:

No significant hazards.

#### **Health Hazards:**

High-pressure injection under skin may cause serious damage. May be irritating to nose, throat, and lungs.

#### **Environmental Hazards:**

No additional hazards. Material does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with REACH Annex XIII.



Revision Date: 07 Mar 2017

Page 3 of 14

## **SECTION 3**

## **COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

**3.1. SUBSTANCES** Not Applicable. This material is regulated as a mixture.

#### 3.2. MIXTURES

This material is defined as a mixture.

# Reportable hazardous substance(s) complying with the classification criteria and/or with an exposure limit (OEL)

Name	CAS#	EC#	Registration#	Concentration	GHS/CLP
				*	classification
2-N-BUTYL-BENZO[D]ISOTHIAZOL-3-ONE	4299-07-4	420-590-7	NE	0.1 - < 0.25%	Aquatic Acute 1 H400 (M factor 1),
					Aquatic Chronic 1 H410
					(M factor 1), Skin Corr. 1B H314, Skin Sens. 1 H317
DICYCLOHEXYLAMINE	101-83-7	202-980-7	01-2119493354-33	< 2%	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 (M factor 1), Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 (M factor 1), Skin Corr. 1B H314
ETHANOLAMINE	141-43-5	205-483-3	01-2119486455-28	< 1%	[Flam. Liq. 4 H227], Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, STOT SE 3 H335, Skin Corr. 1B H314
ETHOXYLATED C16-C18 FATTY ALCOHOLS	68920-66-1		01-2119489407-26	< 1.5%	Aquatic Chronic 2 H411, Skin Irrit. 2 H315

Note - any classification in brackets is a GHS building block that was not adopted by the EU in the CLP regulation (No 1272/2008) and therefore is not applicable in the EU or in non-EU countries which have implemented the CLP regulation and is shown for informational purposes only.

Note: See SDS Section 16 for full text of hazard statements.

## **SECTION 4**

#### **FIRST AID MEASURES**

## 4.1. DESCRIPTION OF FIRST AID MEASURES

#### **INHALATION**

Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

<sup>\*</sup> All concentrations are percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.



Revision Date: 07 Mar 2017

Page 4 of 14

#### SKIN CONTACT

Wash contact areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If product is injected into or under the skin, or into any part of the body, regardless of the appearance of the wound or its size, the individual should be evaluated immediately by a physician as a surgical emergency. Even though initial symptoms from high pressure injection may be minimal or absent, early surgical treatment within the first few hours may significantly reduce the ultimate extent of injury.

#### **EYE CONTACT**

Flush thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical assistance.

#### INGESTION

First aid is normally not required. Seek medical attention if discomfort occurs.

## 4.2. MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS AND EFFECTS, BOTH ACUTE AND DELAYED

Eye pain, redness, tearing, swelling of eyelids, itching. Itching, pain, redness, swelling of skin. Local necrosis as evidenced by delayed onset of pain and tissue damage a few hours after injection. Itching and rash from allergic skin reaction.

#### 4.3. INDICATION OF ANY IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION AND SPECIAL TREATMENT NEEDED

Pre-existing conditions which may be aggravated by exposure include emphysema and asthma.

#### **SECTION 5**

#### **FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

## **5.1. EXTINGUISHING MEDIA**

**Suitable Extinguishing Media:** Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Straight streams of water

#### 5.2. SPECIAL HAZARDS ARISING FROM THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

**Hazardous Combustion Products:** Incomplete combustion products, Nitrogen oxides, Oxides of carbon, Phosphorus oxides, Smoke, Fume

#### **5.3. ADVICE FOR FIRE FIGHTERS**

**Fire Fighting Instructions:** Evacuate area. Prevent run-off from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers or drinking water supply. Fire-fighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

**Unusual Fire Hazards:** Pressurised mists may form a flammable mixture. Hazardous material. Firefighters should consider protective equipment indicated in Section 8.

## FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES

Flash Point [Method]: >100°C (212°F) [EN/ISO 2592]

Upper/Lower Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): UEL: 6.5 LEL: 0.6 [test method

unavailable]

**Autoignition Temperature:** >240°C (464°F) [test method unavailable]

## SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES



Revision Date: 07 Mar 2017

Page 5 of 14

## 6.1. PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS, PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

#### **NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES**

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.

#### **PROTECTIVE MEASURES**

Avoid contact with spilled material. Warn or evacuate occupants in surrounding and downwind areas if required, due to toxicity or flammability of the material. See Section 5 for fire fighting information. See the Hazard Identification Section for Significant Hazards. See Section 4 for First Aid Advice. See Section 8 for advice on the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment. Additional protective measures may be necessary, depending on the specific circumstances and/or the expert judgment of the emergency responders.

#### 6.2. ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Large Spills: Dyke far ahead of liquid spill for later recovery and disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

#### 6.3. METHODS AND MATERIAL FOR CONTAINMENT AND CLEANING UP

Land Spill: Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Recover by pumping or with suitable absorbent.

**Water Spill:** Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Seek advice of a specialist This product emulsifies, disperses or is miscible in water.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

#### 6.4. REFERENCES TO OTHER SECTIONS

See Sections 8 and 13.

## SECTION 7

## HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1. PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING

Avoid breathing mists or vapour. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Small metal particles from machining may cause abrasion of the skin and may predispose to dermatitis. Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard. Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source). When the material is handled in bulk, an electrical spark could ignite any flammable vapors from liquids or residues that may be present (e.g., during switch-loading operations). Use proper bonding and/or earthing procedures. However, bonding and earthing may not eliminate the hazard from static accumulation. Consult local applicable standards for guidance. Additional references include American Petroleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or National Fire Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practice on Static Electricity) or CENELEC CLC/TR 50404 (Electrostatics - Code of practice for the avoidance of hazards due to static electricity).

**Static Accumulator:** This material is a static accumulator.

## 7.2. CONDITIONS FOR SAFE STORAGE, INCLUDING ANY INCOMPATIBILITIES

The type of container used to store the material may affect static accumulation and dissipation. Do not store



Revision Date: 07 Mar 2017

Page 6 of 14

in open or unlabelled containers.

**Storage Temperature:**  $10^{\circ}\text{C} (50^{\circ}\text{F}) - 25^{\circ}\text{C} (77^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

#### 7.3. SPECIFIC END USES

Section 1 informs about identified end-uses. No industrial or sector specific guidance available.

## **SECTION 8**

## **EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1. CONTROL PARAMETERS

#### **EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES**

Exposure limits/standards (Note: Exposure limits are not additive)

Substance Name	Form	Limit/Standard			Note	Source
ETHANOLAMINE		STEL	7.6 mg/m3	3 ppm	Skin	UK EH40
ETHANOLAMINE		TWA	2.5 mg/m3	1 ppm	Skin	UK EH40
ETHANOLAMINE		STEL	6 ppm			ACGIH
ETHANOLAMINE		TWA	3 ppm			ACGIH

UK EH40 Workplace Exposure Limits. Exposure limits for use with Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended)

**Exposure limits/standards for materials that can be formed when handling this product:** When mists/aerosols can occur the following is recommended: 5 mg/m³ - ACGIH TLV (inhalable fraction).

Note: Information about recommended monitoring procedures can be obtained from the relevant agency(ies)/institute(s):

UK Health and Safety Executive (HSE)

## 8.2. EXPOSURE CONTROLS

#### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS**

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Control measures to consider:

No special requirements under ordinary conditions of use and with adequate ventilation.

## PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.



Revision Date: 07 Mar 2017

Page 7 of 14

**Respiratory Protection:** If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable. Types of respirators to be considered for this material include:

Particulate air-purifying respirator approved for dust or oil mist is recommended. European Committee for Standardization (CEN) standards EN 136, 140 and 405 provide respirator masks and EN 149 and 143 provide filter recommendations.

For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator, operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapour warning properties are poor, or if air purifying filter capacity/rating may be exceeded.

**Hand Protection:** Any specific glove information provided is based on published literature and glove manufacturer data. Glove suitability and breakthrough time will differ depending on the specific use conditions. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions. Inspect and replace worn or damaged gloves. The types of gloves to be considered for this material include:

Chemical resistant gloves are recommended. Nitrile, minimum 0.38 mm thickness or comparable protective barrier material with a high performance level for continuous contact use conditions, permeation breakthrough minimum 480 minutes in accordance with CEN standards EN 420 and EN 374.

**Eye Protection:** Chemical goggles are recommended.

**Skin and Body Protection:** Any specific clothing information provided is based on published literature or manufacturer data. The types of clothing to be considered for this material include:

Chemical/oil resistant clothing is recommended.

**Specific Hygiene Measures:** Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS**

Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water and soil. Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit emissions.

#### **SECTION 9**

#### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Note: Physical and chemical properties are provided for safety, health and environmental considerations only and may not fully represent product specifications. Contact the Supplier for additional information.

#### 9.1. INFORMATION ON BASIC PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical State: Liquid



Revision Date: 07 Mar 2017

Page 8 of 14

Colour: Yellow Characteristic

Odour Threshold: No data available

**pH:** Not technically feasible

Melting Point: Not technically feasible Freezing Point: No data available

Initial Boiling Point / and Boiling Range: > 100°C (212°F) [test method unavailable]

Flash Point [Method]: >100°C (212°F) [EN/ISO 2592] Evaporation Rate (n-butyl acetate = 1): No data available

Flammability (Solid, Gas): Not technically feasible

Upper/Lower Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): UEL: 6.5 LEL: 0.6 [test method

unavailable]

**Vapour Pressure:** [No data available] [test method unavailable]

**Vapour Density (Air = 1):** [No data available] [test method unavailable]

Relative Density (at 15 °C): 0.92 [test method unavailable]

Solubility(ies): water Emulsifies

Partition coefficient (n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient): [No data available] [test method

unavailable]

**Autoignition Temperature**: >240°C (464°F) [test method unavailable]

**Decomposition Temperature:** No data available

Viscosity: [N/D at 40°C] | >120 cSt (120 mm2/sec) at 20°C [test method unavailable]

**Explosive Properties:** None **Oxidizing Properties:** None

#### 9.2. OTHER INFORMATION

Pour Point: -1°C (30°F) [test method unavailable] DMSO Extract (mineral oil only), IP-346: < 3 %wt

## **SECTION 10**

## STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. REACTIVITY: See sub-sections below.

**10.2. CHEMICAL STABILITY:** Material is stable under normal conditions.

10.3. POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Sunlight. Heat/ Freezing temperatures., High energy sources of ignition.

10.5. INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Strong oxidisers

10.6. HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures.

#### **SECTION 11**

## **TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1. INFORMATION ON TOXICOLOGICAL EFFECTS

Hazard Class	Conclusion / Remarks
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Revision Date: 07 Mar 2017

Page 9 of 14

Inhalation Acute Toxicity: No end point data for Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components. material. Irritation: No end point data for material. Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form vapours. mist, or fumes which may be irritating to the eyes, nose, throat, or lungs. Ingestion Acute Toxicity: No end point data for Slightly Toxic. Based on assessment of the components. material. Skin Acute Toxicity: No end point data for Minimally Toxic. Based on assessment of the components. material. Skin Corrosion/Irritation: No end point data Irritating to the skin. Based on assessment of the components. for material. Eve Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: No end point Irritating and will injure eye tissue. Based on assessment of the data for material. components. Sensitisation Respiratory Sensitization: No end point data Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer. for material. Skin Sensitization: No end point data for Contains a substance that may cause skin sensitization. Based on material. assessment of the components. Aspiration: Data available. Not expected to be an aspiration hazard. Based on physicochemical properties of the material. Germ Cell Mutagenicity: No end point data Not expected to be a germ cell mutagen. Based on assessment of for material. the components. Carcinogenicity: No end point data for Not expected to cause cancer. Based on assessment of the material. components. Reproductive Toxicity: No end point data Not expected to be a reproductive toxicant. Based on assessment for material. of the components. Lactation: No end point data for material. Not expected to cause harm to breast-fed children. Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) Single Exposure: No end point data for Not expected to cause organ damage from a single exposure. material. Repeated Exposure: No end point data for Not expected to cause organ damage from prolonged or repeated material. exposure. Based on assessment of the components.

#### **TOXICITY FOR SUBSTANCES**

NAME	ACUTE TOXICITY
ETHANOLAMINE	Oral Lethality: LD 50 1089 mg/kg (Rat)

#### OTHER INFORMATION

#### For the product itself:

An ingredient or ingredients that are classified as a skin sensitizer.

Oil Mist (highly refined oils): Animals exposed to high concentrations of mist developed oil retention, inflammation, and oil granulomas in the respiratory tract. Oils exposed to high temperatures, cracking conditions, or mixing with tramp / used oils may introduce polycyclic aromatic compounds or microbial contaminants that could result in cancer or severe respiratory hazards.

#### Contains:

Base oil severely refined: Not carcinogenic in animal studies. Representative material passes IP-346, Modified Ames



Revision Date: 07 Mar 2017

Page 10 of 14

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test, and/or other screening tests. Dermal and inhalation studies showed minimal effects; lung non-specific infiltration of immune cells, oil deposition and minimal granuloma formation. Not sensitising in test animals. ETHANOLAMINE: Repeated overexposure to ethanolamine has caused liver and kidney damage in laboratory animals. GLYCOL ETHERS: Some glycol ethers cause adverse effects in animals that include the reproductive system, offspring, blood, kidney and liver.

#### **SECTION 12**

#### **ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

The information given is based on data available for the material, the components of the material, and similar materials.

#### **12.1. TOXICITY**

Material -- Expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

#### 12.2. PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

#### **Biodegradation:**

Base oil component -- Expected to be inherently biodegradable

#### 12.3. BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL

Base oil component -- Has the potential to bioaccumulate, however metabolism or physical properties may reduce the bioconcentration or limit bioavailability.

## 12.4. MOBILITY IN SOIL

Base oil component -- Low solubility and floats and is expected to migrate from water to the land. Expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

## 12.5. PERSISTENCE, BIOACCUMULATION AND TOXICITY FOR SUBSTANCE(S)

This product is not, or does not contain, a substance that is a PBT or a vPvB.

## 12.6. OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS

No adverse effects are expected.

# **SECTION 13**

#### **DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

#### 13.1. WASTE TREATMENT METHODS

Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration at very high temperatures to prevent formation of undesirable combustion products.



Revision Date: 07 Mar 2017

Page 11 of 14

#### REGULATORY DISPOSAL INFORMATION

**European Waste Code:** 12 01 07\*

NOTE: These codes are assigned based upon the most common uses for this material and may not reflect contaminants resulting from actual use. Waste producers need to assess the actual process used when generating the waste and its contaminants in order to assign the proper waste disposal code(s).

This material is considered as hazardous waste pursuant to Directive 91/689/EEC on hazardous waste, and subject to the provisions of that Directive unless Article 1(5) of that Directive applies.

**Empty Container Warning** Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

### SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

LAND (ADR/RID): 14.1-14.6 Not Regulated for Land Transport

INLAND WATERWAYS (ADNR/ADN): 14.1-14.6 Not Regulated for Inland Waterways Transport

SEA (IMDG): 14.1-14.6 Not Regulated for Sea Transport according to IMDG-Code

SEA (MARPOL 73/78 Convention - Annex II):

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not classified according to Annex II

AIR (IATA): 14.1-14.6 Not Regulated for Air Transport

#### SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

## REGULATORY STATUS AND APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Listed or exempt from listing/notification on the following chemical inventories: N/D

15.1. SAFETY, HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS/LEGISLATION SPECIFIC FOR THE



Revision Date: 07 Mar 2017

Page 12 of 14

## SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

#### **Applicable EU Directives and Regulations:**

1907/2006 [... on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals ...

and amendments thereto]

1272/2008 [on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures.. and

amendments thereto]

#### 15.2. CHEMICAL SAFETY ASSESSMENT

**REACH Information:** A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for one or more substances present in the material.

#### **SECTION 16**

#### OTHER INFORMATION

**REFERENCES:** Sources of information used in preparing this SDS included one or more of the following: results from in house or supplier toxicology studies, CONCAWE Product Dossiers, publications from other trade associations, such as the EU Hydrocarbon Solvents REACH Consortium, U.S. HPV Program Robust Summaries, the EU IUCLID Data Base, U.S. NTP publications, and other sources, as appropriate.

#### List of abbreviations and acronyms that could be (but not necessarily are) used in this safety data sheet:

Acronym Full text
N/A Not applicable
N/D Not determined
NE Not established

VOC Volatile Organic Compound

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

AIHA WEEL American Industrial Hygiene Association Workplace Environmental Exposure Limits

ASTM ASTM International, originally known as the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)

DSL Domestic Substance List (Canada)

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Substances

ELINCS European List of Notified Chemical Substances

ENCS Existing and new Chemical Substances (Japanese inventory)

IECSC Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China KECI Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory

NDSL Non-Domestic Substances List (Canada)
NZIoC New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

PICCS Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TLV Threshold Limit Value (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

TSCA Toxic Substances Control Act (U.S. inventory)

UVCB Substances of Unknown or Variable composition, Complex reaction products or Biological materials

LC Lethal Concentration

LD Lethal Dose
LL Lethal Loading

EC Effective Concentration



Revision Date: 07 Mar 2017

Page 13 of 14

EL Effective Loading

NOEC No Observable Effect Concentration NOELR No Observable Effect Loading Rate

## Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2009	Classification procedure
Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	Calculation
Eye Irrit. 2; H319	Calculation
Skin Irrit. 2; H315	Calculation

## KEY TO THE H-CODES CONTAINED IN SECTION 3 OF THIS DOCUMENT (for information only):

[Flam. Liq. 4 H227]: Combustible liquid; Flammable Liquid, Cat 4 Acute Tox. 4 H302: Harmful if swallowed; Acute Tox Oral, Cat 4

Acute Tox. 4 H312: Harmful in contact with skin: Acute Tox Dermal. Cat 4

Skin Corr. 1B H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage; Skin Corr/Irritation, Cat 1B

Skin Irrit. 2 H315: Causes skin irritation; Skin Corr/Irritation, Cat 2

Skin Sens. 1 H317: May cause allergic skin reaction; Skin Sensitization, Cat 1

Acute Tox. 4 H332: Harmful if inhaled; Acute Tox Inh, Cat 4

STOT SE 3 H335: May cause respiratory irritation; Target Organ Single, Resp Irr

Aquatic Acute 1 H400: Very toxic to aquatic life; Acute Env Tox, Cat 1

Aquatic Chronic 1 H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects; Chronic Env Tox, Cat 1

## THIS SAFETY DATA SHEET CONTAINS THE FOLLOWING REVISIONS:

No revision information

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Internal Use Only

MHC: 1, 0B, 0, 2, 4, 0 PPEC: A

DGN: 7124199XGB (1021076)

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**MOBILCUT 260** Product Name:

Revision Date: 07 Mar 2017 Page 14 of 14

# ANNEX

Annex not required for this material.